

Winter Presence and Distribution of Cetacean Species in the NWMS





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Introduction

Cetaceans presence and distribution in the North-Western Mediterranean Sea (NWMS) is widely studied, with research effort focusing on the summer season. Currently, knowledge on winter presence is scarce and scattered.

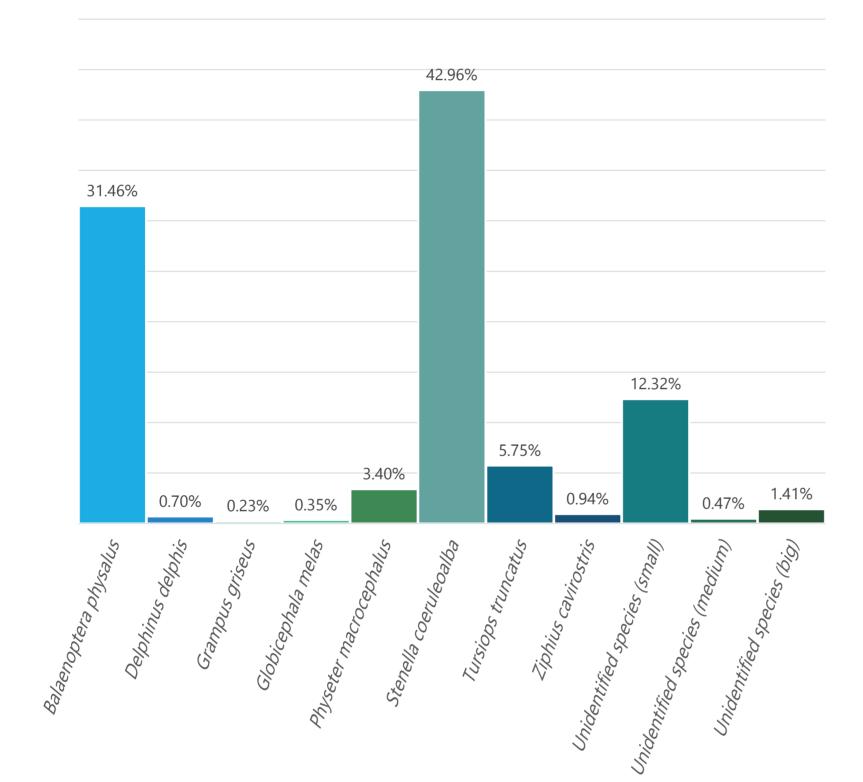
This work provides new information about winter presence and habitat preferences of cetaceans in NWMS and identifies intrabasin differences in species occurrence.

Materials and methods

- Data collected from 2008
 to 2020 during winter
- Line transect surveys along fixed routes
- Study area: NWMS
- **Subareas** defined: CW, SW, EAST, SSE
- In total: 281 surveys and 852 sightings
- Environmental variables sampled: depth, CHL, SST, EKE
- Presence analysis carried out computing average ERs
- Habitat preference analysis at different spatial scales using GAMs and violin plots

Results

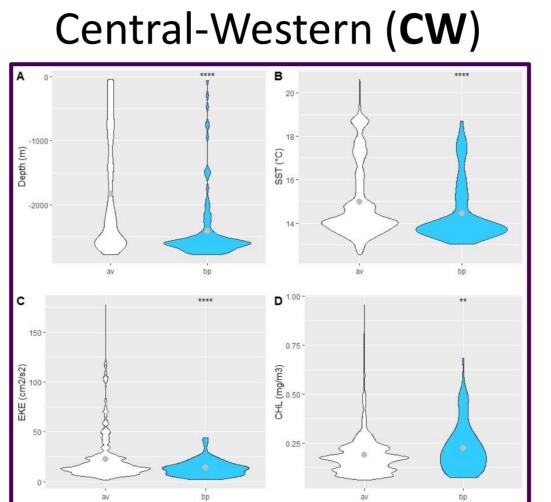
- All 8 regular species sighted in the NWMS
- Most sighted species: striped dolphin and fin whale

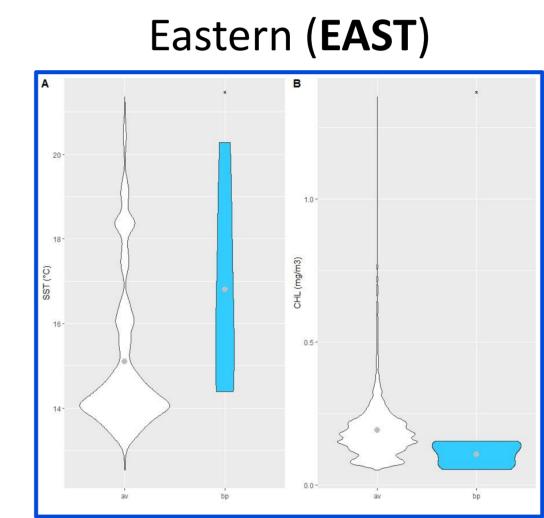


ERs of the species in the NWMS and in the 4 subareas

Sp.	NWMS	CW	EAST	SSE	SW
Вр	0.45	0.93	0.042	0.50	0.55
Dd	0.011	0.00	0.023	0.00	0.010
Gg	0.0046	0.018	0.00	0.00	0.00
Gm	0.0047	0.012	0.00	0.00	0.00
Pm	0.049	0.14	0.00	0.016	0.055
Sc	0.62	0.96	0.40	0.56	0.65
Tt	0.12	0.038	0.23	0.096	0.023
Zc	0.011	0.010	0.00	0.017	0.026

Results for Fin Whales (scan the map to discover more)



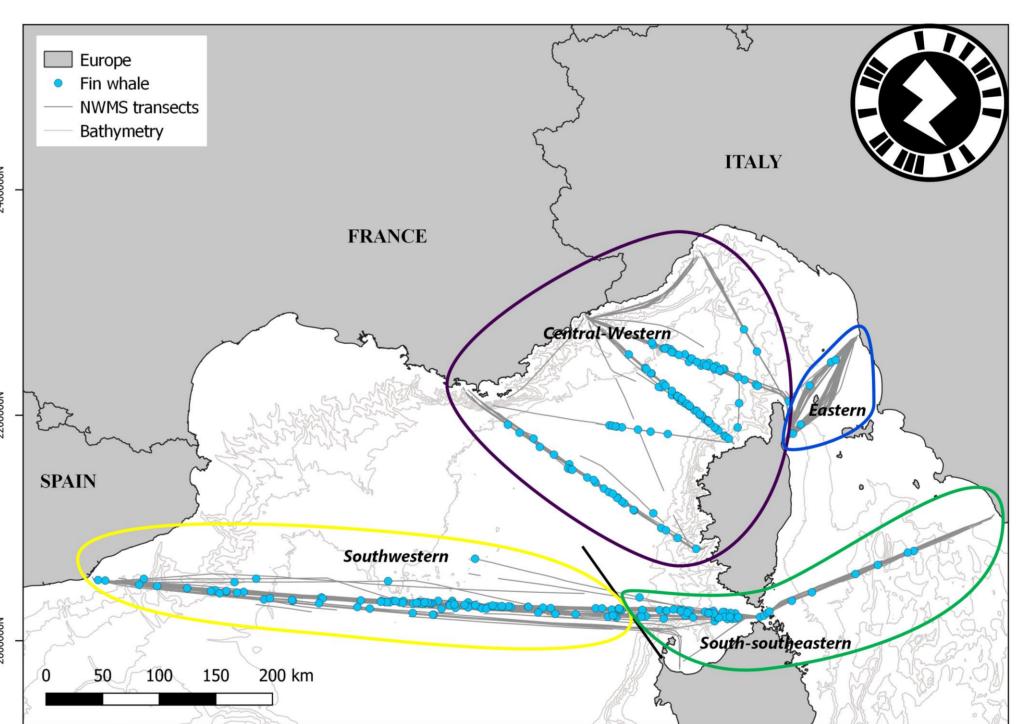


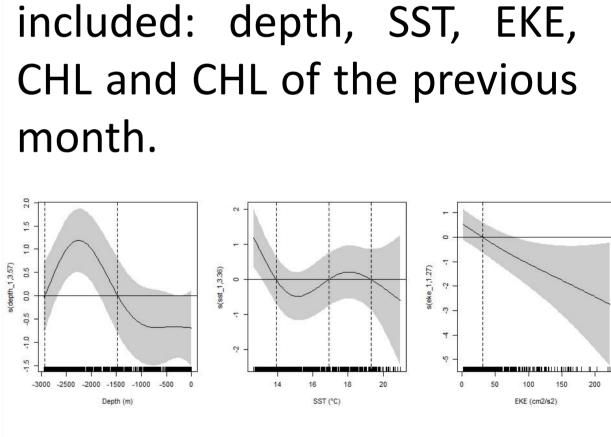
CW: preference for deeper (A), colder (B) waters with lower EKE (C) and higher CHL (D).

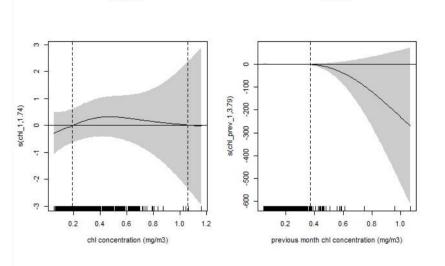
EAST: preference for warmer waters (A) with lower CHL (B).

for

NWMS

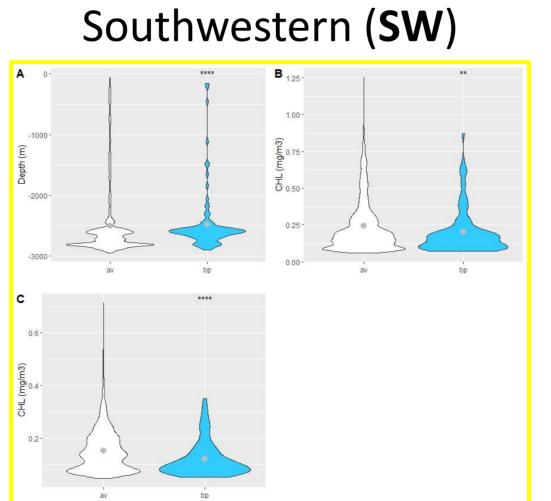


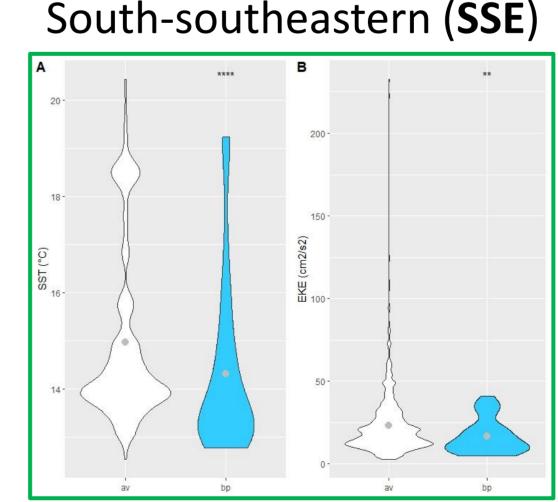




GAM

Best





SW: preference for shallower waters (A) with low CHL during the sighting (B) and the previous month (C).

SSE: preference for colder waters (A) with lower EKE (B).

Discussion

NWMS is a **key area** for cetaceans **year-round**, even if the ERs revealed the existence of **significant differences** in their **occurrence** throughout the study area.

The variation of winter habitat preferences according to the spatial scale and to the geographic subarea might be useful in addressing seasonal-specific conservation measures.



